

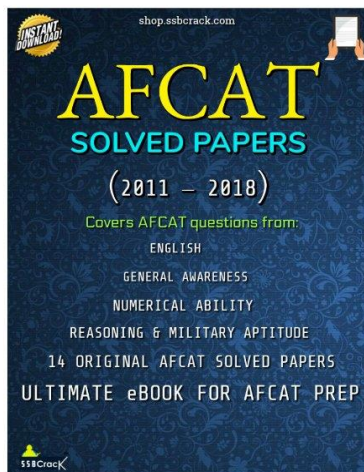
AFCAT GK QUESTIONS



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1. Which one of the following Indus Valley Civilization sites gives evidence of a stadium?
 - (a) Harappa
 - (b) Kalibangan
 - (c) Mohenjodaro
 - (d) Dholavira
2. Indus Valley Civilization was discovered by:
 - (a) Dayaram Sahni
 - (b) R. D. Banerji
 - (c) Cunningham
 - (d) Wheeler
3. Who is the most important God in Rigveda?
 - (a) Agni
 - (b) Indra
 - (c) Varun
 - (d) Vishnu
4. The expounder of Yoga philosophy was :
 - (a) Patanjali
 - (b) Shankaracharya
 - (c) Jaimini
 - (d) Gautam
5. The river most mentioned in Rigveda is :
 - (a) Sindhu
 - (b) Sutudri
 - (c) Saraswati
 - (d) Gandaki
6. The great law given of ancient time was :
 - (a) Vatsyayana
 - (b) Ashoka
 - (c) Manu
 - (d) Panini
7. Gautam Buddha attained Mahaparinirvana at
 - (a) Kapilvastu
 - (b) Kushinagar
 - (c) Bodhgaya
 - (d) Rajgriha
8. The most important source for the study of Mauryan history is
 - (a) Mudrarakshasa
 - (b) Natural Historica
 - (c) Devichandraguptam
 - (d) Arthashastra
9. Who was the mentor of Chandragupta Maurya?
 - (a) Vishakhadutta
 - (b) Chanakya
 - (c) Megasthenes
 - (d) Patanjali
10. During Gupta period, which deity was called Lokarka?
 - (a) Sun
 - (b) Ganesha
 - (c) Kumara
 - (d) Shiva
11. Which of the following was a strong centre of the Pasupatas during the time of Chandragupta II?
 - (a) Mathura
 - (b) Kaushambi
 - (c) Tripuri
 - (d) Udaigiri
12. The Chola rulers were generally the worshippers of
 - (a) Shiva
 - (b) Vishnu
 - (c) Sakti
 - (d) Kartikeya
13. The Seven Pagodas of Mahabalipuram are a witness to the art patronised by the
 - (a) Pallavas
 - (b) Pandyas
 - (c) Cholas
 - (d) Cheras
14. Who was the first ruler of the Slave dynasty?
 - (a) Qutubuddin Aibak
 - (b) Iltutmish
 - (c) Sultan Mahmud
 - (d) Balban
15. Who abolished Iqta system?
 - (a) Qutubuddin Aibak
 - (b) Iltutmish
 - (c) Balban
 - (d) Alauddin Khilji
16. The Turkish brought with them musical instruments.
 - (a) Rabab and Sarangi
 - (b) Sitar and Flute
 - (c) Veena and Tabla
 - (d) Tanpura and Mridanga
17. Amir Khusro wrote his famous masnavi 'Ashiq' on the order of
 - (a) Alauddin Khilji
 - (b) Khizra Khan
 - (c) Rai Karan
 - (d) Rani Kamla Devi
18. The Sultan who desecrated the Puri Jagannath temple and Jwalamukhi temple at Kangra was
 - (a) Balban
 - (b) Alauddin Khilji
 - (c) Firoz Shah Tughlaq
 - (d) Sikandar Lodi
19. The famous poet Amir Khusro was associated with the court of
 - (a) Qutubuddin Aibak
 - (b) Alauddin Khilji
 - (c) Sikandar Lodi
 - (d) Akbar
20. Which of the following Sultans of Delhi was known as Lakh Bakhsh?
 - (a) Qutubuddin Aibak
 - (b) Balban
 - (c) Alauddin Khilji
 - (d) Jalaluddin Khilji
21. In the Sultanate period, the highest rural authority for land revenue was
 - (a) Rawat
 - (b) Malik
 - (c) Chaudhary
 - (d) Patwari
22. Coins of which Muslim ruler have been image of Devi Lakshmi?
 - (a) Muhammad Ghorī
 - (b) Iltutmish
 - (c) Alauddin Khilji
 - (d) None of these
23. Before which of his important battles in India did Babur declare the abolition of Tamgha tax ?
 - (a) Panipat
 - (b) Khanwa
 - (c) Chanderi
 - (d) None of these
24. Who among the following had joined Akbar's Din-i-Ilahi?
 - (a) Birbal
 - (b) Bhagwan Das
 - (c) Man Singh
 - (d) Surjan Rai
25. Which one of the following had bestowed the title of Jagat Seth to Fatehchand?
 - (a) Alivardi Khan
 - (b) Sirajuddaula
 - (c) Mir Zafar
 - (d) Muhammad Shah

26. Who was the author of Humayun-nama?
 (a) Humayun (b) Gulbadan Begam
 (c) Badauni (d) Ahmad Yadgar
27. Mansabdari system of the Mughals had its origin in
 (a) Persia (b) Arabia
 (c) Central Asia (d) India
28. The offsprings of which Mughal emperor were born in a Sufi's Khanqah instead of the Mughal haram?
 (a) Humayun (b) Akbar
 (c) Shahjahan (d) Aurangzeb
29. Which one of the following was the first English ship that came to India?
 (a) Elizabeth (b) Titanic
 (c) Red Dragon (d) Mayflower
30. Which one of the following factories in Bengal was established by Portuguese?
 (a) Kasim Bazar (b) Chinsura
 (c) Hoogly (d) Srirampur
31. Which one of the following European trading companies adopted the "Blue Water Policy" in India?
 (a) Dutch company
 (b) French company
 (c) Portuguese company
 (d) British East India company
32. Where in India, did the Portuguese build their first fortress?
 (a) Cochin (b) Goa
 (c) Anjdiv (d) Cannanore
33. Where did the British East India Company open its first factory in India?
 (a) Masulipatanam (b) Surat
 (c) Bharuch (d) Mumbai
34. Who among the following introduced Cashewnut, Pineapple and Tobacco in India?
 (a) Dutch (b) English
 (c) French (d) Portuguese
35. Who was Sir George Oxenden?
 (a) First president of Council of Surat
 (b) First governor of Bombay
 (c) First president of Council of Madras
 (d) None of the above
36. The South Indian ruler who introduced sericulture as an agro-industry in his kingdom was
 (a) Tipu Sultan (b) Hyder Ali
 (c) Krishnadeva Raya (d) Rajaraja II
37. The statement, "We have crippled over enemy without making our friends too formidable", is associated with
 (a) Fourth Anglo-Mysore War
 (b) Third Anglo-Mysore War
 (c) Second Angle-Mysore War
 (d) First Anglo-Mysore War
38. To overthrow the British rule, Kuka Movement was organised in
 (a) Punjab (b) Uttar Pradesh
 (c) Bihar (d) Maharashtra
39. Who was the first Viceroy of India?
 (a) Lord Canning
 (b) Warren Hastings
 (c) Lord William Bentinck
 (d) Lord Curzon
40. Which one of the following is known as Mother of Indian Revolutionaries?
 (a) Annie Besant (b) Sarojini Naidu
 (c) Madam Cama (d) Usha Mehta
41. The Revolt of 1857 at Lucknow was led by
 (a) Begum Hazarat Mahal
 (b) Tantiya Tope
 (c) Rani Laxmi Bai
 (d) Nana Saheb
42. Who among the following British persons admitted the Revolt of 1857 as a national revolt?
 (a) Lord Dalhousie (b) Lord Canning
 (c) Lord Ellenborough (d) Disraeli
43. "Poverty and the Un-British Rule in India" was written by
 (a) Dadabhai Naoroji
 (b) Ramesh Chandra Dutta
 (c) Gopal Krishna Gokhle
 (d) Surendranath Banerjee

44. In which of the following movements, Vande Mataram was adopted slogan for agitation?
- Revolt of 1857
 - Partition of Bengal in 1905
 - Non-cooperation Movement in 1920
 - Quit India Movement in 1942
45. Devi Chaudharani patronised a historic movement of Bengal. Find out the correct answer among the options given below:
- Weavers Movement
 - Sanyasi Movement
 - Indigo Growers Movement
 - Swadeshi Movement
46. In which of the following sessions of Indian National Congress, the resolution of Swadeshi was adopted?
- Madras Session 1903
 - Bombay Session 1904
 - Banaras Session 1905
 - Calcutta Session 1906
47. During which of the following movements, Vande Mataram became the theme song of the Indian National Movement?
- Champaran Satyagrah
 - Swadeshi Movement
 - Anti-Rowlatt Act Agitation
 - Non-cooperation Movement
48. Who among the following was not associated with the Home Rule Movement?
- C.R. Das
 - S. Subramaniam Iyer
 - Annie Besant
 - Bal Gangadhar Tilak
49. The Ryotwari settlement of Madras was introduced by
- Cornwallis
 - Wingate
 - Clive
 - Munro
50. Who started the socio-religious organization "Tattvabodhini Sabha" and its appended journal 'Tattvabodhini'?
- Ram Mohan Roy
 - Radhakant Dev
 - Devendranath Tagore
 - Dwarkanath Tagore
51. Which planet takes the longest time to go around the sun?
- Earth
 - Jupiter
 - Uranus
 - Neptune
52. The distance of Moon from the Earth is
- 364 thousand kms.
 - 300 thousand kms.
 - 350 thousand kms.
 - 446 thousand kms.
53. The Earth becomes maximum distance from the sun on
- January 30th
 - December 22nd
 - September 22nd
 - July 4th
54. Which one of the following planets is the brightest?
- Mars
 - Mercury
 - Venus
 - Jupiter
55. The outermost layer of the sun is called
- Chromosphere
 - Photosphere
 - Lithosphere
 - Corona
56. Which of the following planets is known as "Red Planet"?
- Earth
 - Mars
 - Jupiter
 - Saturn
57. The last stage in the life cycle of a star is
- Black Hole
 - Supernova
 - Red Giant
 - White Dwarf
58. Cycle of sun spots is
- 9 years
 - 10 years
 - 11 years
 - 12 years
59. The Indian subcontinent was originally part of a huge mass called
- Indian
 - Aryavarta
 - Angaraland
 - Gondwana land
60. The highest salinity is found in which of the following lakes?
- Van Lake
 - Dead sea
 - Balkash lake
 - Baikal lake
61. Ox-bow lake is a feature formed by
- River erosion in youthful stage
 - Transportation action of the river
 - River erosion in mature stage
 - Deposition in old stage of a river
62. Thunderstorms are associated with
- Cumulus clouds
 - Cumulonimbus clouds
 - Cirrus clouds
 - Stratus clouds
63. Which one of the following is not related to plate Tectonic Theory?
- Continental drift
 - Pole wandering
 - Transform fault
 - Sea floor spreading
64. Where is the Blind Valley found?
- River valley region
 - Arid region
 - Karst region
 - Glacier region
65. The process of water vapour changing to the liquid state (water) is called
- Sublimation
 - Transpiration
 - Condensation
 - Dew

66. The Coriolis Effect is produced by
 (a) pressure gradient
 (b) earth's revolution
 (c) earth's rotation
 (d) earth's rotation and revolution
67. Which of the following countries is the largest producer of diamond?
 (a) Australia (b) Venezuela
 (c) Russia (d) Botswana
68. Which of the following industries should be mainly located near the raw material areas?
 (a) Iron steel (b) Cotton textile
 (c) Ship building (d) Engineering
69. The 'Wheat Crescent' lies in
 (a) Australia (b) Argentina
 (c) Canada (d) U.S.A
70. In the U.S.A the cotton textile industry shifted from North Eastern states to the south because of
 (a) High labour cost (b) Low demand
 (c) Hilly terrain (d) Lack of coal
71. Which of the following countries is the highest producer of Uranium in Asia?
 (a) China (b) India
 (c) Uzbekistan (d) Indonesia
72. The lines of equal transport cost in the industrial location model of Alfred Weber are known as
 (a) Isoline (b) Isobar
 (c) Isodapen (d) Isotim
73. World's largest reserve of Uranium is found in
 (a) Australia (b) Brazil
 (c) Canada (d) South Africa
74. Silviculture is concerned with
 (a) Making vines
 (b) Growing plants saplings
 (c) Growing spices
 (d) Market gardening
75. The world's most active volcano is
 (a) Cotapaxi (b) Fujiyama
 (c) Kilauea (d) Vesuvius
76. The most urbanized country of the world is
 (a) Germany (b) Japan
 (c) Singapore (d) U.S.A
77. The demographic transition model was propounded by
 (a) J. Clarke (b) F.W. Notestien
 (c) G.T. Trewartha (d) J.J. Spengler
78. Which one of the following countries does not border the Caspian Sea?
 (a) Azerbaijan (b) Iran
 (c) Iraq (d) Kazakhstan
79. Which one of the following is the busiest ocean route in the world?
 (a) Mediterranean Suez Route
 (b) South Atlantic Route
 (c) North Atlantic Route
 (d) Pacific Ocean Route
80. The continental shelf is marked by an isobath line of
 (a) 100 metres (b) 200 metres
 (c) 300 metres (d) 350 metres
81. The Great Barrier Reef is located on the coast of
 (a) Central Australia (b) West Australia
 (c) East Australia (d) South Australia
82. Which country has the highest percentage of its geographical area under forests?
 (a) China (b) India
 (c) Indonesia (d) Japan
83. Doddabetta Peak is located in the
 (a) Anaimalai (b) Mahendragiri
 (c) Nilgiris (d) Shevaroy
84. Kaziranga Wildlife Sanctuary is in the state of
 (a) Assam (b) Tamilnadu
 (c) Uttar Pradesh (d) Kerala
85. The term 'operation flood' refers to
 (a) Flood control
 (b) Milk production
 (c) Population control
 (d) Foodgrain production
86. Which of the following cities has an astronomical observatory?
 (a) Simla (b) Jaipur
 (c) Amritsar (d) Hyderabad
87. With which country does MacMahon Line form India's boundary?
 (a) Pakistan (b) Afganistan
 (c) China (d) Bangladesh
88. Ganga is a result of the confluence of rivers — .
 (a) Bhagirathi and Alakananda at Dev Prayag
 (b) Bhagirathi and Alakananda at Karan Prayag
 (c) Bhagirathi and Alakananda at Gangotri
 (d) Bhagirathi and Alakananda at Rudra Prayag
89. The group of stars arranged in a definite pattern is called
 (a) Milky way (b) Constellation
 (c) Andromeda (d) Solar system
90. Which of the following planets is smaller in size than the Earth?
 (a) Venus (b) Uranus
 (c) Saturn (d) Neptune

91. Which planet is called "Evening star"?
- (a) Mars (b) Jupiter
(c) Venus (d) Saturn
92. What is the primary cause of the day and night ?
- (a) Earth's annual motion
(b) Earth's daily motion
(c) Inclination of the earth's axis and its rotation
(d) Inclination of the earth's axis and its revolution
93. On which date is the earth in perihelion ?
- (a) June 21 (b) Dec 22
(c) January 3 (d) July 4
94. The earth is in aphelion on
- (a) June 21 (b) Dec. 22
(c) Sept. 23 (d) July 4
95. How much is the mass of the moon when compared with that of the earth ?
- (a) 1/49 (b) 1/81
(c) 1/51 (d) 1/8
96. Greenwich mean time is _____ IST.
- (a) 5.5 hours ahead (b) 12 hours ahead
(c) 4.5 hours behind (d) 5.5 hours behind
97. How much time does the light from the nearest star take in reaching the earth ?
- (a) 12 minutes (b) 4.3 minutes
(c) 4.3 hours (d) 4.3 years
98. The shortest route between two places is along the
- (a) latitudes (b) longitudes
(c) rivers (d) direction of winds
99. The mouth of a volcano is known as
- (a) Glacier (b) Cone
(c) Crater (d) Pipe
100. Telegraph plateau is a part of
- (a) North Atlantic Ridge
(b) South Atlantic Ridge
(c) Indian Ocean Ridge
(d) South Pacific Ridge
101. Which one of the following is different from others?
- (a) Canary current (b) Mozambique current
(c) Oyashio current (d) Falkland current
102. Rift valley is formed by
- (a) Earthquake (b) Folding
(c) Faulting (d) All of these
103. Granite and Basalt are the examples of which of the following?
- (a) Sedimentary rock (b) Metamorphic rock
(c) Igneous rock (d) Calcareous rock
104. Volcanic eruptions do not occur in the
- (a) Baltic sea (b) Black sea
(c) Caribbean sea (d) Caspian sea
105. What is the most important element of climate ?
- (a) Rainfall (b) Temperature
(c) Pressure (d) Humidity
106. Roaring forties are the
- (a) High velocity trade winds
(b) High velocity westerly winds
(c) High velocity polar winds
(d) High magnitude tidal waves due to high wind velocity
107. The Great Barrier Reef is located at the
- (a) East Australian coast
(b) Andaman and Nicobar coast
(c) West Australian coast
(d) Mouth of Gulf and Cambay
108. Peanuts are the main crop of
- (a) Georgia (b) Gambia
(c) Ghana (d) Guatemala
109. Monoculture is a distinct characteristic of
- (a) Commercial grain farming
(b) Shifting cultivation
(c) Subsistence farming
(d) Organic farming
110. Plantation agriculture is practical mainly in the
- (a) Arid region
(b) Mediterranean region
(c) Temperate region
(d) Tropical region
111. Teak and Sal are products of
- (a) Tropical dry deciduous Forest
(b) Tropical Evergreen Forests
(c) Tropical Thorn Forests
(d) Alpine Forests
112. The natural rubber is obtained from the
- (a) bark of trees (b) fruit of trees
(c) roots of trees (d) latex of trees
113. What is viticulture ?
- (a) Cultivation of grapes (b) Growing small plants
(c) Growing tobacco (d) Cultivation of spices
114. Silviculture is concerned with
- (a) Making vines
(b) Growing plants saplings
(c) Growing spices
(d) Market gardening

- 115.** Which crop is afflicted by the disease called red rot ?
 (a) Rice (b) Wheat
 (c) Bajra (d) Sugarcane
- 116.** Horticulture is concerned with the
 (a) growing of flowers and fruits
 (b) rearing animals for meat and skins
 (c) farming without crop rotation
 (d) cultivation of crops without any machinery etc.
- 117.** What is white coal ?
 (a) Petroleum
 (b) Producing fuel from Thermal power
 (c) Producing fuel from Chopped wood
 (d) Producing fuel from Nuclear power
- 118.** The deepest lake of the world is
 (a) Pushkar lake (b) Superior lake
 (c) Victoria lake (d) Baikal lake
- 119.** 90° E Ridge lies in
 (a) Atlantic ocean (b) Indian ocean
 (c) Pacific ocean (d) Mediterranean ocean
- 120.** What is meant by the term Midnight Sun?
 (a) Twilight
 (b) Rising sun
 (c) Very bright moon
 (d) Sun shining in the polar circle for long time.
- 121.** Which article of the Indian Constitution provides for uniform civil code for the citizens?
 (a) Article 42 (b) Article 44
 (c) Article 46 (d) Article 48
- 122.** The mention of the word 'justice' in the Preamble to the Constitution of India expresses
 (a) social, political and religious justice
 (b) social, economic and cultural justice
 (c) social, economic and political justice
 (d) economic and political justice
- 123.** Which of the following amendments had reduced the age of the voters from 21 years to 18 years?
 (a) 52nd amendment (b) 60th amendment
 (c) 61st amendment (d) 62nd amendment
- 124.** Which of the following schedules deals with the division of powers between union and states?
 (a) fourth schedule (b) sixth schedule
 (c) seventh schedule (d) ninth schedule
- 125.** India has borrowed the concept of Fundamental Rights from the Constitution of
 (a) UK (b) USA
 (c) Russia (d) Ireland
- 126.** Which Article of Indian Constitution is related with the Protection of the interests of the minorities?
 (a) Article 17 (b) Article 29
 (c) Article 30 (d) Article 31
- 127.** Which schedule of Indian Constitution is related to Panchayati Raj ?
 (a) II Schedule (b) VIII Schedule
 (c) X Schedule (d) XI Schedule
- 128.** Which one of the following committees recommended the inclusion of fundamental duties in the Indian Constitution?
 (a) Barua Committee (b) Ramaswamy Committee
 (c) Sikri Committee (d) Swarn Singh Committee
- 129.** Which one of the following is not a part of the 'basic structure' of the Indian Constitution ?
 (a) Rule of law
 (b) Secularism
 (c) Republican form of government
 (d) Parliamentary form of government
- 130.** What was the duration in the making of Indian Constitution ?
 (a) 1 Year 10 Months and 12 Days
 (b) 2 Years 10 Months and 5 Days
 (c) 2 Years 11 Months and 18 Days
 (d) 3 Years 6 Months and 7 Days
- 131.** To be officially recognized by the speaker of Lok Sabha as an opposition group, a party or coalition of parties must have at least
 (a) 50 members
 (b) 60 members
 (c) 80 members
 (d) 1/3 of total members of the Lok Sabha
- 132.** How many times has Financial Emergency been declared in India so far?
 (a) 5 times (b) 4 times
 (c) once (d) Never
- 133.** Which one of the following taxes is levied and collected by the Union but distributed between union and states?
 (a) Corporation tax
 (b) Tax on income other than on agricultural income
 (c) Tax on railway fares and freights
 (d) Customs
- 134.** Which of the following subjects lies in the concurrent list?
 (a) Agriculture (b) Education
 (c) Police (d) Defence
- 135.** According to our Constitution, the Rajya Sabha
 (a) is dissolved once in two years.
 (b) is dissolved every five years.
 (c) is dissolved every six years.
 (d) is not subject of dissolution

- 136.** If the position of President and Vice-President are vacant, who officiates as the President of India?
- (a) The Prime Minister
(b) The Chief Justice of India
(c) The Speaker of Lok Sabha
(d) None of these
- 137.** Voting right by the youth at the age of 18 years was exercised for the first time in the general election of
- (a) 1987 (b) 1988
(c) 1989 (d) 1990
- 138.** The Council of Ministers is collectively responsible to which of the following?
- (a) Prime Minister (b) President
(c) Rajya Sabha (d) Lok Sabha
- 139.** Right to vote is a
- (a) Social right (b) Personal right
(c) Political right (d) Legal right
- 140.** The speaker of the Lok Sabha can resign his office by addressing his resignation to
- (a) The President
(b) The Prime Minister
(c) The Deputy Speaker of the Lok Sabha
(d) The Chief Justice of India
- 141.** A committee appointed in 1977 to review working of the Panchayati Raj was chaired by
- (a) Balwant Rai Mehta (b) Ashok Mehta
(c) K.N. Katju (d) Jagjivan Ram
- 142.** Panchayati Raj in India represents:
- (a) Decentralization of powers
(b) Participation of the people
(c) Community development
(d) All of these
- 143.** 'National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme' was launched initially in:
- (a) 100 districts (b) 200 districts
(c) 330 districts (d) All the districts
- 144.** When was the concept of the HDI introduced by the United Nations Development Programme?
- (a) 1990 (b) 1991
(c) 1993 (d) 1995
- 145.** In India, the first Municipal Corporation was set up in which one among the following?
- (a) Calcutta (b) Madras
(c) Bombay (d) Delhi
- 146.** Who is responsible to make changes in names and boundaries of the states?
- (a) Prime Minister (b) Parliament
(c) Rajya Sabha (d) Governor
- 147.** The Prime Minister launched on August 21, 2014, the "Digital India" campaign whose idea is to
- (a) change India into an electronically empowered economy
(b) connect India digitally with other world's economies
(c) link all railways digitally
(d) display the government data and statistics by means of displayed digits
- 148.** The mobile court in India is brainchild of:
- (a) Justice Bhagwati
(b) Mr. Rajiv Gandhi
(c) Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam
(d) Mrs. Pratibha Patil
- 149.** Which one of the following Amendments of the Constitution of India deals with the issue of strengthening of the Panchayati Raj?
- (a) 42nd (b) 44th
(c) 73rd (d) 86th
- 150.** The disputes regarding the election of the President and Vice-President of India are decided by the-
- (a) Parliament (b) Election Commission
(c) Supreme Court (d) High Court
- 151.** Acting Chief Justice of the Supreme Court in India is appointed by the
- (a) Chief Justice of Supreme Court
(b) Prime Minister
(c) President
(d) Law Minister
- 152.** The system of Judicial Review exists in
- (a) India only (b) U.K. only
(c) U.S.A only (d) India and U.S.A
- 153.** The Supreme Court of India was set up by the
- (a) Regulating Act, 1773
(b) Pitt's India Act, 1984
(c) Charter Act, 1813
(d) Charter Act, 1833
- 154.** The first High/Supreme Court judge, who voluntarily made his assets public is
- (a) Justice D.V.S. Kumar (b) Justice K. Chandra
(c) Justice K. Kannan (d) Justice V.C. Srivastava

155. Which of the following writs literally means 'we command'?
- (a) Habeas Corpus (b) Mandamus
(c) Prohibition (d) Quo-Warranto
156. The 'Due Process of Law' is the characteristics of the judicial system of
- (a) India (b) France
(c) U.K. (d) U.S.A
157. The number of judges can be modified in the Supreme Court by
- (a) Presidential Order
(b) Supreme Court by Notification
(c) Parliament by Law
(d) Central Government by notification
158. Which High Court has jurisdiction over the State of Arunachal Pradesh?
- (a) Guwahati (b) Mumbai
(c) Kolkata (d) Chandigarh
159. Which among the following Union Territory has a Judicial Commissioner?
- (a) Pondicherry
(b) Andaman & Nicobar Islands
(c) Daman & Diu
(d) Lakshadweep
160. Which writ is issued by the High court to the lower courts to stop legal action?
- (a) Habeas Corpus (b) Prohibition
(c) Quo Warranto (d) Certiorari
161. Scent sprayer is based on
- (a) Charles's law
(b) Boyle's law
(c) Archimedes' principle
(d) Bernoulli's principle
162. At which temperature the centigrade and Fahrenheit scales are equal?
- (a) 40° (b) -40°
(c) 37° (d) 94.6°
163. The colour of the star is an indication of its
- (a) distance from earth
(b) temperature
(c) luminosity
(d) distance from the sun
164. What is the source of electrical energy in an artificial satellite?
- (a) Solar cell (b) Mini nuclear reactor
(c) Dynamo (d) Thermopile
165. The mirror used by a dentist to examine the teeth of patients is
- (a) Concave (b) Convex
(c) Plane (d) Cylindrical
166. When water is heated from 0°C to 4°C , its volume
- (a) increases
(b) decreases
(c) first increases then decreases
(d) remains the same
167. Among the following radiations, which has the highest energy?
- (a) Visible (b) X-ray
(c) Ultraviolet (d) Infrared
168. A cut diamond sparkles because of its
- (a) hardness
(b) high refractive index
(c) emission of light by the diamond
(d) absorption of light by the diamond
169. The lift of an air plane is based on
- (a) Torricelli's theorem
(b) Bernoulli's theorem
(c) Law of gravitation
(d) Conservation of linear momentum
170. Compared to burn due to air at 100°C , a burn due to steam at 100°C is
- (a) less dangerous (b) more dangerous
(c) equally dangerous (d) None of these
171. The special technique used in ships to calculate the depth of ocean beds is
- (a) LASER (b) SONAR
(c) sonic boom (d) reverberation
172. When a body is stationary, then
- (a) there is no force acting on it
(b) the body is in vacuum
(c) the force acting on it is not in contact with it
(d) the net forces acting on it balances each other
173. The clouds float in the atmosphere because of their low
- (a) temperature (b) velocity
(c) pressure (d) density
174. Sound cannot travel through
- (a) solids (b) liquids
(c) gases (d) vacuum
175. Soap bubble looks coloured due to
- (a) dispersion (b) reflection
(c) interference (d) Any one of these

176. Solder is an alloy of
 (a) tin and lead
 (b) tin and copper
 (c) tin, copper and zinc
 (d) tin, lead and zinc
177. CNG used in automobiles to check pollution, mainly consists of
 (a) CH₄ (b) CO₂
 (c) N₂ (d) H₂
178. 'Acid rain' is caused due to air-pollution by
 (a) carbon dioxide
 (b) carbon monoxide
 (c) methane
 (d) nitrous oxide and sulphur dioxide
179. A device used for the measurement of radioactivity is
 (a) Mass spectrometer (b) Cyclotron
 (c) Nuclear reactor (d) G.M. counter
180. Which has maximum calorific value?
 (a) Fat (b) Protein
 (c) Carbohydrate (d) Amino acid
181. Alum purifies muddy water by
 (a) Absorption (b) Dialysis
 (c) Emulsification (d) Coagulation
182. Which one among the following is used as a moderator in nuclear reactors?
 (a) Ozone (b) Heavy hydrogen
 (c) Heavy water (d) Hydrogen peroxide
183. Commonly used antiseptic 'Dettol' is a mixture of
 (a) o-chlorophenoxylenol + terepineol
 (b) o-cresol + terepineol
 (c) phenol + terepineol
 (d) chloroxylenol + terepineol
184. Cinnabar is an ore of
 (a) Hg (b) Cu
 (c) Pb (d) Zn
185. Which one of the following mixtures is homogeneous?
 (a) Starch and sugar
 (b) Methanol and water
 (c) Graphite and charcoal
 (d) Calcium carbonate and calcium bicarbonate
186. Who of the following is known as the Father of Biology?
 (a) Darwin (b) Lamarck
 (c) Aristotle (d) Theophrastus
187. Who is called the Father of Taxonomy?
 (a) Aristotle (b) Carolus Linnaeus
 (c) Theophrastus (d) Lamarck
188. Which of the following is used as an ornamental plant?
 (a) *Psilotum* (b) *Lycopodium*
 (c) *Selaginella* (d) *Pteris*
189. Which of the following gas is necessary for the process of photosynthesis?
 (a) O₂ (b) CO
 (c) N₂ (d) CO₂
190. The water and mineral salts are transported to the various organs by which of the following?
 (a) Xylem (b) Phloem
 (c) Cortex (d) Cambium
191. Turpentine oil is extracted from
 (a) Nettle (b) *Cycas*
 (c) Teak (d) *Pine*
192. Bamboo is classified as
 (a) Tree (b) Grass
 (c) Shrub (d) Herb
193. Which one of the following is a rich source of iron?
 (a) Carrot (b) Pea
 (c) Rice (d) Spinach
194. Kuttu flour is obtained from
 (a) *Tapioca* (b) *Fagopyrum*
 (c) *Plantago* (d) *Eleusine*
195. Which of the following hormones contains Iodine ?
 (a) Thyroxine (b) Testosterone
 (c) Insulin (d) Adrenaline
196. Which organelle in the cell, other than nucleus contains DNA ?
 (a) Centriole (b) Golgi apparatus
 (c) Lysosome (d) Mitochondrion
197. Who discovered genetic material ?
 (a) Crick and Watson
 (b) Avery Mccloud
 (c) Friedrich Miescher
 (d) Federik Meischer
198. The phenomenon of genetic mutation can not occur in
 (a) DNA (b) RNA
 (c) chromosome (d) ribosome
199. The study related to the fishes is called
 (a) Cryptology (b) Sicrotology
 (c) Ichthyology (d) Lepidopterology

- 200.** The scientist who firstly explained about the blood circulation
- (a) A. Leeuwenhoek (b) William Harvey
(c) J.G. Mendel (d) Ronald Ros
- 201.** Which of the following is not a water pollutant ?
- (a) Zinc (b) Copper
(c) Nickel (d) Sulphur dioxide
- 202.** Eco-Mark is given to the Indian products that are
- (a) Pure and unadulterated
(b) Rich in proteins
(c) Environment-friendly
(d) Economically viable
- 203.** The United Nations Convention on climate change ratified by more than 50 countries became effective on
- (a) March 21, 1994 (b) May 21, 1995
(c) June 21, 1996 (d) June 21, 1999
- 204.** The orderly sequence of change in the vegetation of an area over time is described as
- (a) biomes (b) succession
(c) trophic level (d) climax
- 205.** Which one of the following trees is considered to be an environmental hazard ?
- (a) Babool (b) Amaltas
(c) Neem (d) Eucalyptus
- 206.** Solar radiation plays the most important role in the
- (a) Carbon cycle (b) Oxygen cycle
(c) Water cycle (d) Nitrogen cycle
- 207.** Endangered species are listed in
- (a) Dead Stock Book (b) Red Data Book
(c) Live Stock Book (d) None of these
- 208.** Mangrove forests in Asia are largely concentrated in
- (a) India (b) Malaysia
(c) Indonesia (d) Philippines
- 209.** Which one of the following is not related to water pollution ?
- (a) Eutrophication
(b) Nitrification
(c) Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD)
(d) Oil slicks
- 210.** Which one of the following is designated as the “lungs of the world” ?
- (a) Mangrove forests
(b) Mid-latitude mixed forests
(c) Taiga forests
(d) Equatorial evergreen forests
- 211.** What term denotes the organisms getting their food from others ?
- (a) Heterotrophs (b) Autotrophs
(c) Producers (d) Synthesizers
- 212.** Supersonic jet causes pollution by thinning of
- (a) O₃ layer (b) C₂ layer
(c) SO₂ layer (d) O₂ layer
- 213.** The concept of carbon credit originated from which one of the following ?
- (a) Kyoto protocol (b) Earth summit
(c) Doha round (d) Montreal Protocol
- 214.** Which one of the following energy is most utilized in biomass ?
- (a) Atomic energy (b) Solar energy
(c) Geothermal energy (d) Tidal energy
- 215.** Which one of the following is not included under the basic component of the environment ?
- (a) Abiotic component (b) Biotic component
(c) Energy component (d) Spatial component
- 216.** The use of fossil fuels is responsible for the increase in the amount of which gas in the atmosphere ?
- (a) Nitrogen (b) Carbondioxide
(c) Ozone (d) Argon
- 217.** Which one of the following is not helpful in maintaining ecological stability?
- (a) Ecosystem complexity
(b) Ecosystem diversity
(c) Ecosystem uniformity
(d) Homeostatic mechanism
- 218.** A pesticide which is a chlorinated hydrocarbon is sprayed on a food crop. The food chain is: Food crop – Rat – Snake – Hawk. In this food chain, the highest concentration of the pesticide would accumulate in which one of the following ?
- (a) Food crop (b) Rat
(c) Snake (d) Hawk
- 219.** Earth summit was held in
- (a) Chicago
(b) Copenhagen
(c) Rio de Janeiro
(d) London
- 220.** The use of microorganism metabolism to remove pollutants such as oil spills in the water bodies is known as
- (a) biomagnification
(b) bioremediation
(c) biomethanation
(d) bioreduction

221. With which sport the term 'Caddie' is associated?
 (a) Polo (b) Golf
 (c) Bridge (d) Billiards
222. Who is the highest wicket taker in the world in one day cricket?
 (a) Kapil Dev
 (b) Muthia Muralitharan
 (c) Wasim Akram
 (d) Anil Kumble
223. The famous player 'Ronaldo' is associated with which of the following games?
 (a) Table Tennis (b) Football
 (c) Hockey (d) Volleyball
224. First youth Olympic games was held in
 (a) Japan (b) China
 (c) North Korea (d) Singapore
225. 'Subroto Cup' is associated with
 (a) Badminton (b) Cricket
 (c) Chess (d) Football
226. India reached the final of the Davis Cup for the first time in
 (a) 1965 (b) 1966
 (c) 1970 (d) 1971
227. 'Dipeeka Kumari' is known for her outstanding performance in which of the following?
 (a) Boxing (b) Athletics
 (c) Basketball (d) Archery
228. Wankhede Stadium is situated in
 (a) Mumbai (b) Delhi
 (c) Lucknow (d) Bangalore
229. National Sports Day is celebrated on
 (a) 29th Aug. (b) 4th Dec.
 (c) 14th Nov. (d) 28th Oct.
230. The term 'bogey' is associated with
 (a) Cricket (b) Chess
 (c) Golf (d) Baseball
231. Which of the following trophies is not concerned with Football?
 (a) Durand Trophy (b) Rovers Cup
 (c) Euro Cup (d) Ranji Trophy
232. In which Indian state did the game of 'Polo' originates?
 (a) Nagaland (b) Manipur
 (c) Mizoram (d) Kerala
233. When did the Wimbledon Grand Slam Tennis tournament start?
 (a) 1857 (b) 1877
 (c) 1897 (d) 1898
234. The sportsperson 'Soma Biswas' is associated with
 (a) Sailing (b) Hockey
 (c) Golf (d) Athletics
235. Which one of the following countries had hosted the first winter Paralympic Games?
 (a) Sweden (b) France
 (c) Soviet Union (d) China
236. Gagan Narang, whose name has been recommended for 'Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award' is a famous
 (a) Motor Car Racer (b) Cricketer
 (c) Air Rifle Shooter (d) Footballer
237. What is the number of players in Polo and Water-polo respectively?
 (a) 2 and 5 (b) 7 and 9
 (c) 4 and 7 (d) 6 and 5
238. Among the following which one is not a football club?
 (a) Arsenal (b) Aston villa
 (c) Chelsea (d) Monte Carlo
239. Duleep Trophy is associated with the game of
 (a) Hockey (b) Badminton
 (c) Football (d) Cricket
240. How many players are there in Kho-Kho?
 (a) 9 (b) 10
 (c) 8 (d) 7
241. What is the National Game of Russia?
 (a) Chess (b) Hockey
 (c) Table Tennis (d) Baseball
242. 'Blue Riband Cup' is associated with
 (a) Rugby Football (b) Netball
 (c) Horse Racing (d) Chess
243. Which county did Ravi Shastri play for?
 (a) Glamorgan (b) Leicestershire
 (c) Gloucestershire (d) Lancashire
244. India won its first Olympic hockey gold in...?
 (a) 1928 (b) 1932
 (c) 1936 (d) 1948
245. The number of medals won by Indian in the 2010 Commonwealth Games-
 (a) 107 (b) 101
 (c) 105 (d) 98
246. In which year did Milkha Singh win the first National title in the 400 m race?
 (a) 1955 (b) 1956
 (c) 1957 (d) 1970

247. Who was the 1st ODI captain for India?
 (a) Bishen Singh Bedi (b) Ajit Wadekar
 (c) Vinoo Mankad (d) Nawab Pataudi
248. First Olympic Games were held in-
 (a) 776 BC. (b) 798 BC.
 (c) 876 BC. (d) 898 BC.
249. Which football hero was nicknamed "The Sundance Kid"?
 (a) Jim Forrest Kiick (b) Troy Aikman
 (c) Brett Favre (d) Joe Montana
250. The Flamingo Festival is celebrated in _____?
 (a) Andhra Pradesh (b) Karnataka
 (c) Kerala (d) Jammu & Kashmir
251. Jnanpith Award is given for which field?
 (a) Journalism (b) Music
 (c) Science (d) Literature
252. Highest award given to civilian in India is
 (a) Bharat Ratna (b) Padma Vibhushan
 (c) Sharam Award (d) Padma Bhushan
253. Sports coaches receive which of the following awards?
 (a) Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award
 (b) Dronacharya Award
 (c) Arjuna Award
 (d) None of these
254. The second highest Gallantry award is
 (a) Mahavir Chakra (b) Vir Chakra
 (c) Arjuna Award (d) Ashok Chakra
255. Vachaspati Samman is given in the field of
 (a) Sanskrit Literature
 (b) Medical Science
 (c) Indian Philosophy
 (d) Hindi Literature
256. Which of the Gallantry award is exactly like Ashok Chakra?
 (a) Mahavir Chakra (b) Kirti Chakra
 (c) Vir Chakra (d) Shaurya Chakra
257. Which of the following famous financial journals of international repute confers 'Finance minister of the year' Award?
 (a) Dalal Street
 (b) Euromoney
 (c) Business Standard
 (d) Money Matters
258. Manav Seva Award has been instituted in the memory of
 (a) Rajiv Gandhi
 (b) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
 (c) Indira Gandhi
 (d) Acharya
259. The journalist who refused to accept 'Padma Bhushan' was?
 (a) Shekaran Nair
 (b) Khushwant Singh
 (c) Ratan Thiyam
 (d) Arun Shourie
260. Which among the following states has won the 10th National Award for Excellence work in Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)?
 (a) Madhya Pradesh (b) Karnataka
 (c) West Bengal (d) Haryana
261. Admiral Gorshkov, the Soviet aircraft carrier imported by India is now named
 (a) INS Vikrant (b) INS Vikramaditya
 (c) INS Virat (d) INS Vishaal
262. Which of the following organizations has Sarvatra Sarvottam Suraksha as its slogan?
 (a) Border Security Force
 (b) Sikh Light Infantry
 (c) Indian Air Force
 (d) National Security Guard
263. At which of the following places is the Headquarters of South Western Air Command located?
 (a) Vadodara (b) Jodhpur
 (c) Pune (d) Gandhinagar
264. Who of the following was the Chief of Army at the time of Indo-Pak war of 1971?
 (a) General PP Kumaramangalam
 (b) Field Marshall SHFJ Manekshaw
 (c) General JN Chaudhari
 (d) General KS Thimayya
265. Which of the following was the first aircraft inducted by the Indian Air Force (then Royal Indian Air Force) in 1932?
 (a) de Havilland Tiger Moth
 (b) Westland Wapiti
 (c) Supermarine Spitfire
 (d) Fairchild Packet
266. Which one among the following is the unit raised to protect the naval assets?
 (a) Sagar Rakshak Bal (b) Sagar Suraksha Bal
 (c) Sagar Prahari Bal (d) Sagar Nigrani Bal
267. Indian Army's counter-insurgency school is situated in
 (a) Kanker (b) Srinagar
 (c) Tezpur (d) Vairengte

- 268.** Dhanush, a missile inducted into the Indian Navy
- is a customized and naval variant of Prithvi missile
 - has a range of 700 km
 - can be launched from an aircraft
 - cannot carry nuclear warheads
- 269.** The commando unit of the Indian Air Force is named
- Baaz
 - Garud
 - MARCOS
 - Ghatak
- 270.** On which of the following dates is the Navy Day celebrated in India?
- January 15
 - October 8
 - December 4
 - February 1
- 271.** Lt Commander Abhilash Tomy of the Indian Navy became the first Indian to complete a solo, unassisted, non-stop circumnavigation of the world in 2013. What was the name of the vessel used by him?
- INSV Mandovi
 - INSV Mhadei
 - INS Abhimanyu
 - INS Abhay
- 272.** At which of the following places is the Indian National Defence University being set up?
- Medak, Andhra Pradesh
 - Amethi, Uttar Pradesh
 - Gurgaon, Haryana
 - Kasargod, Kerala
- 273.** At which of the following places is the College of Defence Management located?
- Dehradun
 - Pune
 - Secunderabad
 - Chennai
- 274.** The highest official rank of Air Force is _____.
- Air Marshal
 - Supreme Marshal
 - Air Chief Marshal
 - Chief of Air Force
- 275.** DRDL stands for
- Defence Research and Development Laboratory
 - Department of Research and Development Laboratory
 - Differential Research and Documentation Laboratory
 - None of the above
- 276.** Who was the first Indian Chief of Army Staff of the Indian Army?
- Gen. K.M. Cariappa
 - Vice-Admiral R.(D) Katari
 - Gen. Maharaja Rajendra Singhji
 - None of the above
- 277.** Which was the first missile boat of India?
- INS Vinash
 - INS Khukri
 - INS Shakti
 - INS Ajay
- 278.** Which was the first tanker naval ship in India?
- INS Vinash
 - INS Khukri
 - INS Shakti
 - INS Ajay
- 279.** Which was the first nuclear reactor in India?
- Apsara
 - CIRUS
 - Dhruva
 - Kaiga
- 280.** Who among the following is associated with first nuclear explosion in Pokhran?
- (C)N.R. Rao
 - Homi.J.Bhabha
 - Anil Kakodkar
 - Raja Ramanna
- 281.** When was UAV Nishant inducted?
- 1996
 - 1998
 - 2000
 - 2003
- 282.** Which is the first indigenous aircraft of India?
- HT-2
 - Mikoyan MiG-25
 - HF-25 MKI
 - Sukhoi Su-30 MKI
- 283.** Which is the first trisonic aircraft of India?
- HT-2
 - Mikoyan MiG-25
 - HF-25 MKI
 - Sukhoi Su-30 MKI
- 284.** Which is the first tactical surface-to-surface missile of India?
- Akash
 - Trishul
 - Nag
 - Prithvi
- 285.** Which is the first long-range multiple-target missile in India?
- Akash
 - Agni
 - Brahmos
 - Prithvi
- 286.** When was INS Prahar inducted in Indian Navy?
- 1991
 - 1992
 - 1993
 - 1997
- 287.** Cryogenic engines are used in
- rockets and spacecrafts
 - atomic reactors
 - defrost refrigerators
 - doing research connected with superconductivity.
- 288.** What is the source of electrical energy in an artificial satellite?
- Solar cells
 - Mini nuclear reactor
 - Dynamo
 - Thermopile
- 289.** The fastest super computer of the world is
- Param Yuva II
 - Tianhe-2
 - IBM Road runner
 - Titan

- 290.** Which one of the following organisations is not related to science and technology ?
 (a) DST (b) CSIR
 (c) ICSSR (d) DAE
- 291.** 'Satish Dhawan Space Centre' is located in
 (a) Vishakhapatnam (b) Goa
 (c) Sriharikota (d) Chennai
- 292.** HAL is related to manufacturing of
 (a) Telecommunication equipments
 (b) Aircrafts
 (c) Space missiles
 (d) War missiles
- 293.** If an apple is released from an orbiting spaceship, it will
 (a) fall towards the earth
 (b) move of a lower speed
 (c) move along with the spaceship at the same speed
 (d) move at a higher speed
- 294.** Missile 'Astra' is a
 (a) land to land missile
 (b) land to air missile
 (c) air to air missile
 (d) water to land missile
- 295.** When did India make first nuclear weapon explosion ?
 (a) 15th May, 1964 (b) 18th May, 1974
 (c) 11th May, 1989 (d) 13th May, 1998
- 296.** Which one of the following is not a space satellite?
 (a) SLV-3 (b) RS-D1
 (c) IRS-1D (d) INSAT-2D
- 297.** Mobile IP provides two basic functions
 (a) route discovery and registration
 (b) agent discovery and registration
 (c) IP binding and registration
 (d) none of the above
- 298.** Which is a satellite based tracking system that enables the determination of a person's position?
 (a) Bluetooth
 (b) WAP
 (c) Short message service
 (d) Global positioning system
- 299.** The first operational remote sensing satellite from India was
 (a) IRS-P6 (b) P4
 (c) IRS 1A (d) CARTOSAT 1
- 300.** The fastest computer developed by the NASA is
 (a) Columbia (b) Pleiades
 (c) Blue Gene (d) Param



ANSWER KEY

1. (d)	2. (a)	3. (b)	4. (a)	121. (b)	122. (c)	123. (c)	124. (c)
5. (a)	6. (c)	7. (b)	8. (d)	125. (b)	126. (b)	127. (d)	128. (d)
9. (a)	10. (a)	11. (a)	12. (a)	129. (d)	130. (c)	131. (b)	132. (d)
13. (a)	14. (a)	15. (b)	16. (a)	133. (b)	134. (b)	135. (d)	136. (b)
17. (a)	18. (c)	19. (b)	20. (a)	137. (c)	138. (d)	139. (c)	140. (c)
21. (c)	22. (a)	23. (b)	24. (a)	141. (b)	142. (d)	143. (b)	144. (a)
25. (d)	26. (b)	27. (c)	28. (b)	145. (a)	146. (b)	147. (a)	148. (c)
29. (c)	30. (c)	31. (c)	32. (a)	149. (c)	150. (c)	151. (c)	152. (d)
33. (b)	34. (d)	35. (b)	36. (a)	153. (a)	154. (c)	155. (b)	156. (d)
37. (b)	38. (a)	39. (a)	40. (c)	157. (c)	158. (a)	159. (c)	160. (b)
41. (a)	42. (d)	43. (a)	44. (b)	161. (d)	162. (b)	163. (b)	164. (a)
45. (b)	46. (d)	47. (b)	48. (a)	165. (a)	166. (b)	167. (b)	168. (b)
49. (d)	50. (c)	51. (d)	52. (a)	169. (b)	170. (b)	171. (b)	172. (d)
53. (b)	54. (c)	55. (d)	56. (b)	173. (d)	174. (d)	175. (c)	176. (a)
57. (d)	58. (c)	59. (d)	60. (a)	177. (a)	178. (d)	179. (d)	180. (a)
61. (c)	62. (b)	63. (b)	64. (c)	181. (d)	182. (c)	183. (d)	184. (a)
65. (c)	66. (c)	67. (c)	68. (a)	185. (b)	186. (c)	187. (b)	188. (c)
69. (b)	70. (a)	71. (c)	72. (c)	189. (d)	190. (a)	191. (d)	192. (b)
73. (a)	74. (b)	75. (c)	76. (c)	193. (d)	194. (b)	195. (a)	196. (d)
77. (b)	78. (c)	79. (c)	80. (b)	197. (c)	198. (d)	199. (c)	200. (b)
81. (c)	82. (d)	83. (c)	84. (a)	201. (b)	202. (c)	203. (a)	204. (b)
85. (b)	86. (b)	87. (c)	88. (a)	205. (d)	206. (c)	207. (b)	208. (c)
89. (b)	90. (a)	91. (c)	92. (b)	209. (b)	210. (d)	211. (a)	212. (a)
93. (c)	94. (d)	95. (b)	96. (d)	213. (a)	214. (b)	215. (d)	216. (b)
97. (d)	98. (b)	99. (c)	100. (a)	217. (c)	218. (d)	219. (c)	220. (b)
101. (b)	102. (c)	103. (c)	104. (a)	221. (b)	222. (b)	223. (b)	224. (d)
105. (b)	106. (b)	107. (a)	108. (b)	225. (d)	226. (b)	227. (d)	228. (a)
109. (a)	110. (d)	111. (a)	112. (d)	229. (a)	230. (c)	231. (d)	232. (b)
113. (a)	114. (b)	115. (d)	116. (a)	233. (b)	234. (d)	235. (a)	236. (c)
117. (c)	118. (d)	119. (b)	120. (d)	237. (c)	238. (d)	239. (d)	240. (a)

241. (a)	242. (c)	243. (a)	244. (a)	273. (c)	274. (c)	275. (a)	276. (a)
245. (b)	246. (c)	247. (b)	248. (a)	277. (a)	278. (c)	279. (a)	280. (a)
249. (a)	250. (a)	251. (d)	252. (a)	281. (b)	282. (a)	283. (b)	284. (d)
253. (b)	254. (a)	255. (a)	256. (d)	285. (a)	286. (d)	287. (a)	288. (a)
257. (b)	258. (a)	259. (b)	260. (a)	289. (b)	290. (c)	291. (c)	292. (b)
261 (b)	262. (d)	263. (d)	264. (b)	293. (c)	294. (c)	295. (b)	296. (a)
265. (b)	266. (b)	267. (d)	268. (a)	297. (b)	298. (d)	299. (c)	300. (b)
269. (b)	270. (c)	271. (c)	272. (c)				



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